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Audited Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

> Fortenberry & Ballard, PC Certified Public Accountants

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FINANCIAL AUDIT REPORT



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Superintendent and School Board Pearl Public School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Pearl Public School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Pearl Public School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Pearl Public School District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the school district adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, and the Schedule of District Contributions (OPEB) on pages 8 to 19 and 56 to 64, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Pearl Public School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds, and the other information section, which includes the

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and the Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information mentioned above is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section, which includes the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 13, 2020, on our consideration of the Pearl Public School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Pearl Public School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Pearl Public School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARO, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC November 13, 2020 Certified Public Accountants

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

The following discussion and analysis of Pearl Public School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2020. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole. Readers are encouraged to review the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position for 2020 increased \$1,961,374, including a prior period adjustment of \$57,360, which represents a 15% decrease from fiscal year 2019. Total net position for 2019 decreased \$2,196,848, including a prior period adjustment of \$5,510, which represents a 21% decrease from fiscal year 2018.
- General revenues amounted to \$32,578,123 and \$31,798,617, or 78% and 79% of all revenues for fiscal years 2020 and 2019, respectively. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$9,157,953, or 22% of total revenues for 2020, and \$8,443,707, or 21% of total revenues for 2019.
- The District had \$39,832,062 and \$42,444,682 in expenses for fiscal years 2020 and 2019; only \$9,157,953 for 2020 and only \$8,443,707 for 2019 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues of \$32,578,123 for 2020 were adequate to provide for these programs. However general revenues of \$31,798,617 for 2019 were not adequate to provide for these programs.
- Among the major funds, the General Fund had \$34,170,725 in revenues and \$31,819,423 in expenditures for 2020, and \$32,796,482 in revenues and \$31,601,852 in expenditures for 2019. The General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$748,258, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$57,360, from 2019 to 2020, and increased by \$271,607, from 2018 to 2019.
- Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, increased by \$2,412,220 for 2020 and decreased by \$545,718 for 2019. The increase for 2020 was due primarily to additions to construction in progress and mobile equipment.
- Long-term debt, including the liability for compensated absences, increased by \$292,025 for 2020 and decreased by \$1,198,630 for 2019. The increase for 2020 was due primarily to an addition of a Limited Tax Promissory Note. The liability for compensated absences increased by \$22,025 for 2020 and increased by \$21,370 for 2019.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, which include government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information,

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

supplementary information, and other information.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the differences between them reported as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long-term liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into one category: governmental funds.

Governmental funds - All of the District's general activities are reported in its governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The approach focuses on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at year end. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed view of the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may gain a better understanding of the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds Balance Sheet is reconciled to the Statement of Net Position, and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled to the Statement of Activities to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains individual governmental funds in accordance with the *Financial Accounting Manual for Mississippi Public School Districts*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for all major funds. All non-major funds are combined and presented in these reports as other governmental funds.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The financial statements include two schedules that reconcile the amounts reported on the governmental funds financial statements (modified accrual basis of accounting) with government-wide financial statements (accrual basis of accounting). The following summarizes the major differences between the two statements:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on government-wide financial statements, but is reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Bond and note proceeds result in liabilities on government-wide financial statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the governmental funds financial statements.

A net pension liability and net OPEB liability result in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements but are not reported on governmental funds financial statements.

Certain other outflows represent either increases or decreases in liabilities on the government-wide financial statements, but are reported as expenditures on the governmental funds financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also present a budgetary comparison schedule, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of District Contributions (PERS), Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability and Schedule of District Contribution (OPEB) as required supplementary information. The District adopts an annual operating budget for all governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Supplementary Information

Additionally, a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and a Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures for governmental funds can be found in this report.

Other Information

Although not a required part of the basic financial statements, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund, Last Four Years and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - All Governmental Funds, Last Four Years, is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Mississippi Department of Education.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$10,787,967 as of June 30, 2020.

The District's financial position is a product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets and the depreciation of capital assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Table 1 presents a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019.

Table 1 Condensed Statement of Net Position

		June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	Percentage Change
Current assets	\$	20,901,920	19,373,742	8%
Restricted assets		515,716	502,845	3%
Capital assets, net		49,663,954	47,251,734	5%
Total assets	_	71,081,590	67,128,321	6%
Deferred outflows of resources	_	7,236,205	3,971,885	82%
Current liabilities		2,499,005	671,762	272%
Long-term debt outstanding		24,866,437	24,606,391	1%
Net pension liability		54,901,556	52,146,027	5%
Net OPEB liability		3,561,142	3,219,068	11%
Total liabilities		85,828,140	80,643,248	6%
Deferred inflows of resources		3,277,622	3,206,299	2%
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets		25,125,699	22,951,500	9%
Restricted		1,976,169	1,171,850	69%
Unrestricted		(37,889,835)	(36,872,691)	(3)%
Total net position	\$	(10,787,967)	(12,749,341)	15%

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Additional information on unrestricted net position:

In connection with the application of standards on accounting and financial reporting for pensions and OPEB, management presents the following additional information:

Total unrestricted net position (deficit)	\$ (37,889,835)
Less unrestricted deficit in net position resulting from recognition of the net pension liability and net OPEB liability including the related	
deferred outflows and deferred inflows.	54,504,115
Unrestricted net position, exclusive of the net pension liability and net	_
OPEB liability effect	\$ 16,614,280

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the Statement of Net Position:

- Increase in net capital assets in the amount of \$2,412,220.
- The principal retirement of \$830,000 of long-term debt.
- The significant increase in Current Liabilities from \$671,762 in 2019 to \$2,499,005 in 2020, is the result of having implemented GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, during the year.

Changes in net position

The District's total revenues for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019 were \$41,736,076 and \$40,242,324, respectively. The total cost of all programs and services was \$39,832,062 for 2020 and \$42,444,682 for 2019.

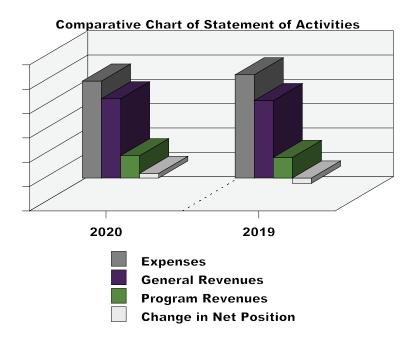
Table 2 presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019:

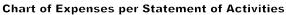
Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

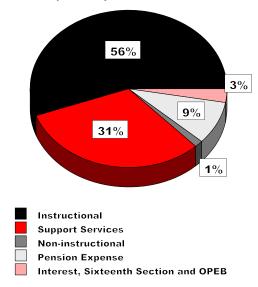
Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	_	Year Ended June 30, 2020	Year Ended June 30, 2019	Percentage Change
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	3,021,062	3,246,818	(7)%
Operating grants and contributions		6,136,891	5,120,383	20%
Capital grants and contributions			76,506	(100)%
General Revenues:				
Property taxes		11,981,504	12,326,579	(3)%
Grants and contributions not restricted		19,663,732	18,907,338	4%
Unrestricted investment earnings		506,927	124,169	308%
Sixteenth section sources		306,056	293,753	4%
Other	-	119,904	146,778	(18)%
Total revenues	_	41,736,076	40,242,324	4%
Expenses:				
Instruction		22,234,432	19,337,049	15%
Support services		12,452,814	13,647,596	(9)%
Non-instructional		525,695	2,494,358	(79)%
Sixteenth section		29,698	24,425	22%
Pension expense		3,567,229	5,792,961	(38)%
OPEB expense		203,885	151,957	34%
Interest on long-term liabilities	_	818,309	996,336	(18)%
Total expenses	-	39,832,062	42,444,682	(6)%
Increase (Decrease) in net position	-	1,904,014	(2,202,358)	186%
Net position (deficit), July 1, as previously reported		(12,749,341)	(10,552,493)	(21)%
Prior period adjustment	_	57,360	5,510	941%
Net position (deficit), July 1, as restated	-	(12,691,981)	(10,546,983)	(20)%
Net Position (deficit), June 30	\$	(10,787,967)	(12,749,341)	15%

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2020







Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Governmental activities

The following table presents the cost of seven major District functional activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional, sixteenth section, pension expense, OPEB expense and interest on long term liabilities. The table also shows each functional activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost presents the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Net Cost of Governmental Activities

	_	Total Ex		
		2020	2019	Percentage Change
Instruction	\$	22,234,432	19,337,049	15%
Support services		12,452,814	13,647,596	(9)%
Non-instructional		525,695	2,494,358	(79)%
Sixteenth section		29,698	24,425	22%
Pension expense		3,567,229	5,792,961	(38)%
OPEB expense		203,885	151,957	34%
Interest on long-term liabilities		818,309	996,336	(18)%
Total expenses	\$	39,832,062	42,444,682	(6)%

Net (Expense) Revenue

	_	2020	2019	Percentage Change
Instruction	\$	(16,776,605)	(14,518,858)	(16)%
Support services		(10,928,881)	(12,408,243)	12%
Non-instructional		1,650,498	(108,195)	1625%
Sixteenth section		(29,698)	(24,425)	(22)%
Pension expense		(3,567,229)	(5,792,961)	38%
OPEB expense		(203,885)	(151,957)	(34)%
Interest on long-term liabilities	_	(818,309)	(996,336)	18%
Total net (expense) revenue	\$ _	(30,674,109)	(34,000,975)	10%

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

- Net cost of governmental activities ((\$30,674,109) for 2020 and (\$34,000,975) for 2019) was financed by general revenue, which is primarily made up of property taxes (\$11,981,504 for 2020 and \$12,326,579 for 2019) and state and federal revenues (\$19,663,732 for 2020 and \$18,907,338 for 2019). In addition, there was \$306,056 and \$293,753 in Sixteenth Section sources for 2020 and 2019, respectively.
- Investment earnings amounted to \$506,927 for 2020 and \$124,169 for 2019.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on current inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$19,140,108, a decrease of \$276,664, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$57,360 and an increase in inventory of \$40,444. \$10,140,991 or 53% of the fund balance is unassigned, which represents the residual classification for the general fund's fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The remaining fund balance of \$8,999,117 or 47% is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for spending except only for the purposes to which it is restricted, committed or assigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The decrease in fund balance in the General Fund for the fiscal year was \$748,258, which includes a prior period adjustment of \$57,360. The fund balance of Other Governmental Funds showed an increase in the amount of \$471,594, which includes an increase in inventory of \$40,444.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, the District revised the annual operating budget. Budget revisions were made to address and correct the original budgets to reflect more accurately the sources and uses of funding for the School District.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

A schedule of showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2020, the District's total capital assets were \$75,950,758, including land, school buildings, building improvements, improvements other than buildings, mobile equipment, buses, other school vehicles and furniture and equipment. This amount represents an increase of \$3,669,444 from 2019. Total accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2020, was \$26,286,804, and total depreciation expense for the year was \$1,853,177, resulting in total net capital assets of \$49,663,954.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	-	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	Percentage Change
Land	\$	134,110	134,110	0%
Construction in progress		2,265,215	331,836	583%
Buildings		41,889,289	42,266,748	(1)%
Building improvements		1,312,226	1,378,857	(5)%
Improvements other than buildings		1,204,281	1,155,379	4%
Mobile equipment		1,987,442	995,811	100%
Furniture and equipment		871,391	988,993	(12)%
Total	\$	49,663,954	47,251,734	5%

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 included in this report.

Debt Administration. At June 30, 2020, the District had \$24,866,437 in outstanding long-term debt, of which \$960,000 is due within one year. The liability for compensated absences increased \$22,025 from the prior year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Table 5 Outstanding Long-Term Debt

	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	Percentage Change
General obligation bonds \$	22,810,000	23,640,000	(4)%
Bond premiums	864,370	911,569	(5)%
Bond discount	(236,115)	(251,335)	(6)%
Limited tax note	1,100,000		N/A
Compensated absences payable	328,182	306,157	7%
Total \$	24,866,437	24,606,391	1%

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 included in this report.

CURRENT ISSUES

The Pearl Public School District is financially stable. The District is proud of its community support of the public schools.

The District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's system of financial planning, budgeting and internal financial controls is well regarded. The District plans to continue its sound fiscal management to meet the challenges of the future.

The District actively pursues grant funding to supplement the local, state and federal revenues.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Superintendent's Office of the Pearl Public School District, 3375 Highway 80 East, Pearl, Mississippi 39208.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities
Assets	Φ 40.704.000
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 18,704,003
Cash with fiscal agents	113,683
Investments	1,022,526
Due from other governments	977,281
Inventories	84,427
Restricted assets	515,716
Capital assets, non-depreciable:	101.110
Land	134,110
Construction in progress	2,265,215
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	44 000 000
Buildings	41,889,289
Building improvements	1,312,226
Improvements other than buildings	1,204,281
Mobile equipment	1,987,442
Furniture and equipment	871,391
Total Assets	71,081,590
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows - pensions	6,746,808
Deferred outflows - OPEB	489,397
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	7,236,205
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2,267,709
Unearned revenue	9,819
Interest payable on long-term liabilities	221,477
Long-term liabilities (due within one year):	221,477
Capital related liabilities	960,000
Net OPEB liability	135,843
Long-term liabilities (due beyond one year)	100,040
Capital related liabilities	22,950,000
Unarmotized bond premiums	864,370
Unamortized bond discount	(236,115)
Non-capital related liabilities	328,182
Net pension liability	54,901,556
Net OPEB liability	3,425,299
Total Liabilities	85,828,140
Total Elabilitios	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions	2,994,731
Deferred inflows - OPEB	282,891
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,277,622
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	25,125,699
Restricted for:	-, -,
Expendable:	
School-based activities	1,340,645
Unemployment benefits	76,420
Forestry improvements	43,388
Non-expendable:	-10,000
Sixteenth section	515,716
Unrestricted	(37,889,835)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (10,787,967)
Total Hot Footion (Donoit)	Ψ <u>(10,707,307)</u>

Net (Expense)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				Revenue and
			5	Changes in
		Program	Revenues	Net Position
		Charges for	Operating	Cavaramantal
Eunationa/Programa	Evpanaga	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Functions/Programs Governmental Activities:	Expenses	Services	Continuutions	Activities
Instruction	22,234,432	2,542,253	2,915,574	(16,776,605)
Support services	12,452,814	2,542,255	1,523,933	(10,928,881)
Noninstructional services	525,695	478,809	1,697,384	1,650,498
Sixteenth section	29,698			(29,698)
Pension expense	3,567,229			(3,567,229)
OPEB expense	203,885			(203,885)
Interest on long-term liabilities	818,309			(818,309)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 39,832,062	\$3,021,062	\$6,136,891	(30,674,109)
	General Revenues:			
	Taxes:			
	General purpose le	evies		10,334,353
	Debt purpose levie	es		1,647,151
	Unrestricted grants a	and contributions:		
	State			19,643,714
	Federal			20,018
	Unrestricted investm	nent earnings		506,927
	Sixteenth section so	urces		306,056
	Other			119,904
	Total General Rever	nues		32,578,123
	Change in Net Po	osition		1,904,014
	Net Position (Deficit)		eviously reported	(12,749,341)
	Prior Period Adjustm	ent		57,360
	Net Position (Deficit)		stated	(12,691,981)
	Net Position (Deficit)	- Ending		\$(10,787,967)

PEARL PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICTBALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Cash with fiscal agents Investments Due from other governments Due from other funds Inventories Total Assets	\$ 17,112,860 113,683 1,022,400 483,803 408,090 \$ 19,140,836	\$ 2,106,859 126 493,478 43,490 84,427 \$ 2,728,380	\$ 19,219,719 113,683 1,022,526 977,281 451,580 84,427 \$ 21,869,216
Liabilities and Fund Balances			
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total Liabilities	\$ 2,064,223 108 9,328 2,073,659	\$ 203,486 451,472 491 655,449	\$ 2,267,709 451,580 9,819 2,729,108
Fund Balances:			
Nonspendable: Permanent fund principal		515,716	515,716
Inventory		84,427	84,427
Restricted:			
Unemployment benefits		76,420	76,420
Forestry improvement purposes		43,388	43,388
Debt service Grant activities	 5,315	96,762 144,748	96,762 150,063
Food Service		1,111,470	1,111,470
Committed:		1,111,110	1,111,170
Building improvement	6,328,208		6,328,208
Assigned:			
Student activities	265,908		265,908
General activity	296,861		296,861
Band uniform	28,795		28,795
Memorial	1,099		1,099
Unassigned Total Fund Balances	<u>10,140,991</u> 17,067,177	2,072,931	10,140,991 19,140,108
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 19,140,836	\$ 2,728,380	\$ 21,869,216

PEARL PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

Total fund balances for governmental funds

\$ 19,140,108

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.	49,663,954
Liabilities due in one year are not recognized in the funds.	(1,095,843)
Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(21,950,000)
Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(221,477)
Payables for notes which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(1,000,000)
Payables for compensated absences which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(328,182)
Recognition of the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds.	(54,901,556)
Deferred Inflows of Resources related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	(2,994,731)
Deferred Outflows of Resources related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	6,746,808
Bond discounts are presented in the SNP but not in the funds.	236,115
Bond premiums are presented in the SNP but not in the funds.	(864,370)
Recognition of the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is not reported in the funds.	(3,425,299)
Deferred Inflows of Resources related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	(282,891)
Deferred Outflows of Resources related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	489,397

Net position of governmental activities

(10,787,967)

PEARL PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Povonuos	_	General Fund	Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues: Local sources State sources Federal sources Sixteenth section sources	\$	13,359,219 20,451,304 20,018 340,184	\$	2,207,239 962,352 4,381,463 13,946	\$	15,566,458 21,413,656 4,401,481 354,130
Total Revenues	_	34,170,725	_	7,565,000	_	41,735,725
Expenditures: Instruction Support services Noninstructional services Sixteenth section Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service: Principal Interest		20,207,092 11,183,197 287,296 29,698 112,140		2,652,456 2,465,033 1,833,454 2,781,386 830,000 847,788		22,859,548 13,648,230 2,120,750 29,698 2,893,526 830,000 847,788
Other Total Expenditures		31,819,423	_	2,500	_	2,500
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_	2,351,302	-	(3,847,617)	_	(1,496,315)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds of loans Insurance loss recoveries Sale of transportation equipment Sale of other property Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	1,100,000 8,615 12,882 350 87,317 (4,366,084) (3,156,920)	_	 4,617,616 (338,849) 4,278,767	_	1,100,000 8,615 12,882 350 4,704,933 (4,704,933) 1,121,847
Net Change in Fund Balances		(805,618)	_	431,150		(374,468)
Fund Balances: July 1, 2019, as previously reported Prior period adjustments July 1, 2019, as restated Increase (decrease) in inventory June 30, 2020	 \$	17,815,435 57,360 17,872,795 17,067,177	- - \$_	1,601,337 1,601,337 40,444 2,072,931	 \$	19,416,772 57,360 19,474,132 40,444 19,140,108

(374,468)

1,904,014

\$

PEARL PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities ("SOA") are different because:

Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA. The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds. Trade-in or disposal of capital assets decrease net position in the SOA but not in the funds. The gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is not reported in the funds. All proceeds from the sale of capital assets are reported in the funds but not in the SOA. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA. (Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period. Change in inventory affects fund balance in the funds but affects expense in the SOA. Compensated absences are reported as the amount earned in the SOA but as the amount paid in the funds. Proceeds of notes do not provide revenue in the SOA, but are reported as current resources in the funds. Bond premiums are reported in the funds but not in the SOA. Pension contributions made after the measurement date but in current FY were de-expended & reduced NPL. Pension expense relating to GASB 68 is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds. OPEB contributions made after the measurement date but in current FY were de-expended & reduced NPL.	4,330,549 (1,853,177) (14,200) (38,070) (12,882) 830,000 (9,530) 40,444 (22,025) (1,100,000) 31,979 3,737,118 (3,567,229) 129,390
OPEB contributions made after the measurement date but in current FY were de-expended & reduced NPL. OPEB expense relating to GASB 75 is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.	129,390 (203,885)

Change in net position of governmental activities

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the school district have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the school district's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the school district is considered an "other stand-alone government." The school district is a related organization of, but not a component unit of, the city of Pearl since the governing authority of the city selects a majority of the school district's board but does not have financial accountability for the school district.

For financial reporting purposes, Pearl Public School District has included all funds and organizations. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

1. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

- 2. Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The school district reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the school district's primary operating fund. The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

All other governmental funds not meeting the criteria established for major funds are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

<u>Permanent Funds</u> - Permanent Funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred or economic asset used, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Federal grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Federal reimbursement type grants are recorded as revenues when the related expenditures are recognized. Use of grant resources is conditioned upon compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, which include subjecting grants to financial and compliance audits.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual.

Ad valorem property taxes are levied by the governing authority of the county on behalf of the school district based upon an order adopted by the school board of the

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

school district requesting an ad valorem tax effort in dollars. Since the taxes are not levied and collected by the school district, the revenues to be generated by the annual levies are not recognized until the taxes are actually collected by the tax levying authority.

Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide statements.

Revenues from the Mississippi Adequate Education Program are appropriated on a fiscal year basis and are recorded at the time the revenues are received from the State of Mississippi.

The account classifications used in the financial statements conform to the broad classifications recommended in *Governmental Accounting, Auditing, and Financial Reporting*, issued in 2012 by the Government Finance Officers Association and are consistent with the broad classifications recommended in *Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems*, 2014, issued by the U.S. Department of Education.

D. Encumbrances

An encumbrance system is maintained to account for commitments or assignments resulting from approved purchase orders, work orders and contracts. However, the school district attempts to liquidate all encumbrances at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are not reported within committed or assigned fund balances.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position/fund balances

1. Cash, Cash equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents

The district's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

three months or less from the date of acquisition. The school district deposits excess funds in the financial institutions selected by the school board. State statutes specify how these depositories are to be selected.

Investments

The school district can invest its excess funds, as permitted by Section 29-3-113, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), in interest-bearing deposits or other obligations of the types described in Section 27-105-33, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), or in any other type investment in which any other agency, instrumentality or subdivision of the State of Mississippi may invest, except that 100% of said funds are authorized to be so invested.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

Investments for the district are reported at fair market value.

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the non-current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Mississippi and various grants and reimbursements from other governments.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Donated commodities are received from the USDA and are valued at USDA cost. Other inventories are valued at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The costs of governmental fund type inventories are reported as expenditures when purchased.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Prepaid items, such as prepaid insurance, are not reported for governmental fund types since the costs of such items are accounted for as expenditures in the period of acquisition.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified School Construction Bonds sinking funds. Also, the nonexpendable portion of the Permanent Fund, if applicable, is classified as restricted assets because the 16th Section Principal fund is not available for use by the district except as provided for under state statute for loans from this fund.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, water rights, timber rights, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art and historical treasures, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Capital assets are reported in the governmental column in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the thresholds in the table below.

Capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in the Governmental Fund statements and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis for all assets, except land.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

The following schedule details the capitalization thresholds:

	_	Capitalization Policy	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$	0	0
Buildings		50,000	40 years
Building Improvements	S	25,000	20 years
Improvements other that	n buildings	25,000	20 years
Mobile equipment		5,000	5-10 years
Furniture and equipmen	nt	5,000	3-7 years
Leased property under	capital leases	*	*

(*) The threshold amount will correspond with the amounts for the asset classifications, as listed. See Note 5 for details.

7. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School District reported \$6,746,808 regarding the cost-sharing pension plan deferred outflows. The School District also reported \$489,397 regarding the cost-sharing OPEB plan deferred outflow.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School District reported \$2,994,731 for deferred inflows regarding the cost-sharing pension plan. The School District also reported \$282,891 for deferred inflows regarding the cost-sharing OPEB plan.

See Note 14 for further details.

8. Compensated Absences

Employees of the school district accumulate sick leave at a minimum amount as required by state law. A greater amount may be provided by school district policy provided that it does not exceed the provisions for

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

leave as provided in Sections 25-3-93 and 25-3-95. Some employees are allowed personal leave and/or vacation leave in accordance with school district policy. The district pays for unused leave for employees as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972).

The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as a long-term liability in the government-wide statements. The current portion of this liability is estimated based on historical trends. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the liability for compensated absences from expendable available financial resources only if the payable has matured, for example, an employee retires.

9. Long-term Liabilities and Bond Discounts/ Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding debt is reported as liabilities. Bond discounts or premiums, and the difference between reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures. See Note 6 for details.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) and additions to/deductions from PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, the benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State and School Employees' Life and Health Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

payments are recorded when the OPEB benefits come due. Investments are reported at fair value as determined by the state.

12. Fund Balances

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Governmental fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned. Following are descriptions of fund classifications used by the district:

Nonspendable fund balance includes items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term portion of loans/notes receivable, or property held for resale unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as a principal balance in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts that have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party or imposed by law through a constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action of the School Board, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. Assignments of fund balance are created by the Superintendent and Business Manager pursuant to authorization established by the policy adopted by the school district.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) resources are available, it is the District's general policy to use restricted resources first. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

Minimum unassigned fund balance goal in the general fund of 7.5% of revenues.

13. Accounting Standards Update

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB 95, Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance in May 2020. The objective of the Statement was to provide temporary relief to governments in light of COVID-19 pandemic by postponing effective dates of certain Statements and implementation Guides. The effective dates of GASB83-84, GASB 88-93, and Implementation Guides No. 2017-3, 2018-1, 2019-1, and 2019-2 were postponed one year. The effective dates of GASB 87, Leases, and Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, Leases, were postponed eighteen months. The School District chose to implement Statement No. 84 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Fiduciary Activities during this year.

Note 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents, Cash with Fiscal Agents, and Investments

The district follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes as follows:

Deposits. The school board must advertise and accept bids for depositories no less than once every three years as required by Section 37-7-333, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The collateral pledged for the school districts' deposits in financial institutions is held in the name of the State Treasurer under a program established by the Mississippi State Legislature and is governed by Section 27-105-5, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Under this program, the entity's funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer. Financial institutions holding deposits of public funds must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Investments. Section 29-3-113 and 37-59-43, Miss. Code Ann. (1972), authorizes the school board to invest excess funds in the types of investments authorized by Section 27-105-33(d) and (e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). This section permits the following types of investments: (a) certificates of deposit or interest bearing accounts with qualified state depositories; (b) direct Unites States Treasury obligations; (c) United States Government agency, United States Government instrumentality or United States Government sponsored enterprise obligations, not to exceed fifty percent of all monies invested with maturities of thirty days or longer; (d) direct security repurchase agreements and reverse direct security repurchase agreements of any federal book entry of only those securities enumerated in (b) and (c) above; (e) direct obligations issued by the United States of America that are deemed to include securities of, or other interest in, any open-end or close-end management type investment company or investment trust approved by the State Treasurer and the Executive Director of the Department of Finance and Administration, not to exceed twenty percent of invested excess funds. Investment income on bond funds (Capital Projects), bond sinking funds (Debt Service Funds) and sixteenth section principal funds (Permanent Funds) must be credited to those funds. Investment income of \$100 or more of any fund must be credited to that fund. Investment income of less than \$100 can be credited to the General Fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The carrying amount of the school district's deposits with financial institutions reported in the governmental funds was \$19,219,719.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the district will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. In the event of failure of a financial institution, securities pledged by that institution would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits not covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits above FDIC coverage are collateralized by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the Mississippi State Treasurer on behalf of the district. As of June 30, 2020, none of the district's bank balance of \$19,903,277 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Cash with Fiscal Agents

The carrying amount of school district's cash with fiscal agents held by financial institutions was \$113,683.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Investments

As of June 30, 2020, the district had the following investments.

Investment Type	Rating	Maturities (in years)	Fair Value		
Assets Backed Federal Securities Aaa/AA+		Less than 5	\$	357,648	
		Less than 10		162,667	
		Less than 15		35,215	
Municipal Bonds	Aa2/AA	Less than 10		49,834	
	Aa2/NR	Less than 3		55,763	
U.S. Treasury/Agency Securities	Aaa/AA+	Less than 1		50,384	
		Less than 5		17,791	
		Less than 10		197,917	
		Less than 15		95,181	
Treasury Cash Reserve Fund	N/A	Less than 1	_	126	
Total			\$_	1,022,526	

The district categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted process in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The district has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2020:

All investments are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

Interest Rate Risk. The district does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to those prescribed in Sections 27-105-33(d) and 27-105-33(e), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). The district does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the district will not be able to recover the value of

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The district does not have a formal investment policy that addresses custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Disclosures of investments by amount and issuer for any issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments is required. This requirement does not apply to investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds and external investment pools, and other pooled investments.

Issuer	Fair Value	% of Total Investments
University of Mississippi Ed. Bldg. Corp. Revenue Bonds	\$ 55,763	5%

Note 3 - Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a summary of inter-fund transactions and balances:

A. Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$ 408,090
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	108
	Other Governmental Funds	43,382
Total		\$ 451,580

The inter-fund balances represent loans created by the existence of negative fund cash balances in a pooled bank account. Negative fund cash balances in governmental funds (special revenues funds) are a result of the timing of cash flows inherent in the reimbursable grant funds due from the Federal government.

B. Inter-fund Transfers

Transfers In	Transfers Out	An	nount
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$	87,317
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund		4,366,084
	Other Governmental Funds		251,532
Total		\$	4,704,933

Inter-fund transfers represent transfers of indirect costs from special revenue funds to the General Funds and operational transfers between governmental funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 4 - Restricted Assets

The restricted assets represent the cash and cash equivalents balance of \$515,716 of the Sixteenth Section Principal Fund (Permanent Fund) which is legally restricted and may not be used for purposes that support the district's programs.

Note 5 - Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

		Balance 7-1-2019	Additions	Retirements	Completed Construction	Balance 6-30-2020
Non-depreciable capital assets:	_	_			·	
Land	\$	134,110				134,110
Construction in progress		331,836	2,784,029		(850,650)	2,265,215
Total non-depreciable capital assets	_	465,946	2,784,029	0	(850,650)	2,399,325
Depreciable capital assets:						
Buildings		61,123,583			850,650	61,974,233
Building improvements		1,626,520				1,626,520
Improvements other than buildings		2,257,712	112,140	26,430		2,343,422
Mobile equipment		3,309,039	1,295,716	509,524		4,095,231
Furniture and equipment	_	3,498,514	138,664	125,151		3,512,027
Total depreciable capital assets		71,815,368	1,546,520	661,105	850,650	73,551,433
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings		18,856,835	1,228,109			20,084,944
Building improvements		247,663	66,631			314,294
Improvements other than buildings		1,102,333	60,595	23,787		1,139,141
Mobile equipment		2,313,228	253,133	458,572		2,107,789
Furniture and equipment		2,509,521	244,709	113,594		2,640,636
Total accumulated depreciation	_	25,029,580	1,853,177	595,953	0	26,286,804
Total depreciable capital assets, net	_	46,785,788	(306,657)	65,152	850,650	47,264,629
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	47,251,734	2,477,372	65,152	0	49,663,954
	_					

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:

	Amount
Instruction	\$ 1,297,224
Support services	370,635
Non-instructional	185,318
Total depreciation expense	\$ 1,853,177

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

The details of construction-in-progress are as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Spent to June 30, 2020	Remaining Commitments	
PHS Multi-Purpose Building	\$ 2,265,215	2,211,864	

Construction projects included in governmental activities are funded with committed fund balance of the General Fund and other local revenue sources.

Note 6 - Long-term liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities and other obligations for governmental activities:

		-	Balance 7-1-2019	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6-30-2020	Amounts due within one year
A.	General obligation bonds payable	\$	23,640,000		830,000	22,810,000	860,000
В.	Limited tax promissory note			1,100,000		1,100,000	100,000
C.	Compensated absences payable	_	306,157	22,025		328,182	
	Subtotal	\$ _	23,946,157	1,122,025	830,000	24,238,182	960,000
	Bond premium		911,569		47,199	864,370	
	Bond discount		(251,335)		(15,220)	(236,115)	
	Total	\$	24,606,391	1,122,025	861,979	24,866,437	960,000

A. General obligation bonds payable

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	 Issued	Outstanding
General Obligation Series, 2016	3 - 4.00%	04-21-16	04-01-39	\$ 23,860,000	22,810,000

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 860,000	814,587	1,674,587
2022	895,000	780,188	1,675,188
2023	930,000	744,387	1,674,387
2024	960,000	716,488	1,676,488
2025	990,000	687,688	1,677,688
2026 - 2030	5,485,000	2,698,738	8,183,738
2031 - 2035	6,530,000	1,850,937	8,380,937
2036 - 2039	6,160,000	744,438	6,904,438
Total	\$ 22,810,000	9,037,451	31,847,451

This debt will be retired from the Bond Retirement Fund (debt service fund). The total amount of bonded indebtedness that can be incurred by the school district is limited by Sections 37-59-5 and 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Total outstanding bonded indebtedness during a year can be no greater than 15% of the assessed value of the taxable property within such district, according to the last completed assessment for taxation, unless certain conditions, as set forth in Section 37-59-7, Miss. Code Ann. (1972) have been met. As of June 30, 2020, the amount of outstanding bonded indebtedness was equal to 10.3 percent (%) of property assessments as of October 1, 2019.

B. Limited tax promissory note

Limited tax promissory note currently outstanding are as follows:

	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Amount	Amount
Description	Rate	Date	Date	 Issued	Outstanding
Limited Tax Promissory Note, Series 2019	2.20%	08-21-19	08-21-29	\$ 1,100,000	1,100,000

The following is a schedule by years of the total payments due on this debt:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 100,000	24,200	124,200
2022	100,000	22,000	122,000
2023	104,000	19,800	123,800
2024	105,000	17,512	122,512
2025	109,000	15,202	124,202
2026 - 2030	582,000	39,050	621,050
Total	\$ 1,100,000	137,764	1,237,764

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

This debt will be retired from the

C. Compensated absences payable

As more fully explained in Note 1(E)(8), compensated absences payable is adjusted on an annual basis as required by Section 37-7-307(5), Miss. Code Ann. (1972). Compensated absences will be paid from the fund from which the employees' salaries were paid.

Note 7 - Other Commitments

Commitments under construction contracts are described in Note 5.

Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The school district contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of Mississippi (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Miss. Code Ann. Section 25-11-1 et seq., (1972, as amended) and may be amended only by the Mississippi Legislature. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report is available at www.pers.ms.gov.

Benefits provided. Membership in PERS is a condition of employment granted upon hiring for qualifying employees and officials of the State of Mississippi, state universities, community and junior colleges, and teachers and employees of the public school districts. For those persons employed by political subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Mississippi, membership is contingent upon approval of the entity's participation in PERS by the PERS' Board of Trustees. If approved, membership for the entity's employees is a condition of employment and eligibility is granted to those who qualify upon hiring. Participating members who are vested and retire at or after age 60 or those who retire regardless of age with at least 30 years of creditable service (25 years of creditable service for employees who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011) are entitled, upon application, to an annual retirement allowance payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 2.0 percent of their average compensation for each year of creditable service up to and including 30 years (25 years for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), plus 2.5 percent for each additional year of creditable service with an actuarial reduction in the benefit for each year of creditable service below 30 years or the number of years in age that the member is below 65, whichever is less. Average compensation is the average of the employee's earnings during the four highest compensated years of creditable service. Benefits vest upon completion of eight years of membership service (four years of membership service for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2007). PERS

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

also provides certain death and disability benefits. A Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) payment is made to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The COLA is equal to 3.0 percent of the annual retirement allowance for each full fiscal year of retirement up to the year in which the retired member reaches age 60 (55 for those who became members of PERS before July 1, 2011), with 3.0 percent compounded for each fiscal year thereafter.

Contributions. PERS members are required to contribute 9.00% of their annual covered salary, and the school district is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The employer's rate as of June 30, 2020 was 17.40% of annual covered payroll. Plan provisions and the Board of Trustees' authority to determine contribution rates are established by Section 25-11-1 of the Mississippi Code of 1972, as amended, and may be only by the Mississippi Legislature. The school district's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018, were \$3,737,118, \$3,201,213, and \$3,153,251, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the school district reported a liability of \$54,901,556 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the school district's long-term share of contribution to the pension plan relative to projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The school district's proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2020 net pension liability was 0.312083 percent, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2019. This was a decrease of .001427 from its proportionate share used to calculate the June 30, 2019 net pension liability, which was based on a measurement date of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,567,229. At June 30, 2020 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual sexperience	32,626	\$
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		587,647
Changes of assumptions	538,184	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of		
contributions	2,438,880	2,407,084
District contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	3,737,118	
Total \$	6,746,808	\$ 2,994,731

\$3,737,118 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2021	\$ 340,199
2022	(682,218)
2023	106,324
2024	250,654
Total	\$ 14,959

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 was determined by actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2018. Subsequent to the June 30, 2018 valuation, the Board adopted new actuarial assumptions based on the experience investigation for the four-year period ending June 30, 2018. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increases	3.00 - 18.25 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of pension plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The most recent target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	<u>Target</u>	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	27%	4.90%
International Equity	22	4.75
Global Equity	12	5.00
Fixed Income	20	1.50
Real Estate	10	4.00
Private Equity	8	6.25
Cash	1	0.25
Total	100%	

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (9.00%) and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate (17.40%). Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

				Current		
	1	% Decrease (6.75%)	_	Discount Rate (7.75%)		1% Increase (8.75%)
District's proportionate share of		_		_	-	
the net pension liability	\$	72,169,999	\$	54,901,556	\$	40,648,009

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERS financial report.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 9 - Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description. State law mandates that all state, public education, library, junior and community college and retiring employees be offered health and life benefit coverage through the State and School Employees' Life and Health Insurance Plan (the Plan). The Plan was established by Section 25-15-3 et seq., Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), which may be amended only by the State Legislature. The State and School Employees' Health Insurance Management Board (the Board) administers the Plan. The Board has the sole legal authority to promulgate rules and regulations governing the operations of the Plan within the confines of the law governing the Plan. The Plan is self-insured and is financed through premiums collected from employers, employees, retirees and COBRA participants. The Plan provides for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) as a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Benefits provided.

The Plan was formed by the State Legislature to provide group health and life benefits to fulltime active and retired employees of the State, agencies, universities, community/junior colleges, public school districts and public libraries. In addition, the spouse and/or children of covered employees and retirees, as well as surviving spouses and COBRA participants, may be eligible for health insurance coverage under the Plan. Benefits of the OPEB Plan consist of an implicit rate subsidy, which is essentially the difference between the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 and the average cost of providing health care benefits to all participants when premiums paid by retirees are not age adjusted. Employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employers. Retirees must pay their own premiums, as do active employees for spouse and dependent medical coverage. The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. Per Section 12-15-15 (10) Mississippi Code Ann. (1972), a retired employee electing to purchase retiree life and health insurance must pay the full cost of such insurance premium. If the Board determined actuarially that the premium paid by the participating retirees adversely affects the overall cost of the Plan to the State, then the Board may impose a premium surcharge, not to exceed 15%, upon such participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed before January 1, 2006. For participating retired employees who are under the age for Medicare eligibility and who are initially employed on or after January 1, 2006, the Board may impose a premium surcharge in an amount the Board determined actuarially to cover the full cost of insurance. The Plan offers a Base option and a Select option for health benefits for non-Medicare participants. The Plan includes a separate coverage level for Medicare eligible retirees, Medicare Eligible surviving spouses, and Medicare eligible dependents of retirees and surviving spouses.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Contributions.

The Board has the sole authority for setting life and health insurance premiums for the Plan. The required premiums vary based on the plan selected and the type of participant. Employers pay no premiums for retirees while employees' premiums are funded primarily by their employer. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$129,390 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$3,561,142 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The basis for the District's proportion is determined by comparing the employer's average monthly employees participating in the Plan with the total average employees participating in the Plan in the fiscal year of all employers. The allocation was utilized because the level of premiums contributed by each employer is the same for any employee regardless of plan participation elections made by the employee. At the measurement date of June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was .41967819 percent. This was an increase of 0.00353597 percent from the proportionate share as of the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$203,885. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 red Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
	Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 5,384	\$	50,974	
Changes of assumptions	265,493		184,663	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	67			
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	89,063		47,254	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	129,390			
Total	\$ 489,397	\$	282,891	

\$129,390 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from school district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending Jun	e 30:	
2021	\$	751
2022		751
2023		751
2024		13,406
2025		43,743
Thereafter		17,714
		77,116

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increases	3.00-18.20 percent, including wage inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.50% 3.89%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	2019 2018
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation Measurement Date Prior Measurement Date	3.50% 3.89%
Health Care Cost Trends Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare	7.00 percent for 2019 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.75% by 2028

Mortality rates were based on the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: For males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119. For females, 85% of the female rates from ages 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119. Mortality rates will be projected generationally using the MP-2018 projection scale to account for future improvements in life expectancy.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study, dated April 2, 2019.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2019 valuation

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2019 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments is 4.50%.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was 3.50 percent. Since the Prior Measurement Date, the Discount Rate has changed from 3.89% to 3.50%.

The trust was established on June 28, 2018 with an initial contribution of \$1,000,000. As of June 30, 2019, the trust has \$1,017,904. The fiduciary net position is projected to be depleted immediately, therefore, the Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the discount rate for both the June 30, 2018 and the June 30, 2019 total OPEB liability. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was based on a monthly average of the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.50 percent) than the current discount rate:

	19	1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase		
		(2.50%)	Rate	(3.50%)		(4.50%)		
Net OPEB liability	\$	3,955,807	\$	3,561,142	\$	3,223,468		

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Healthcare Cost Trend Rates					
	1	% Decrease	Current		1% Increase	
Net OPEB liability	\$	3,299,946	\$	3,561,142	\$	3,857,031

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued report that can be found at http://knowyourbenefits.dfa.ms.gov/.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Note 10 - Sixteenth Section Lands

Sixteenth section school lands, or lands granted in lieu thereof, constitute property held in trust for the benefit of the public schools. The school board, under the general supervision of the Office of the Secretary of State, has control and jurisdiction of said school trust lands and of all funds arising from any disposition thereof. It is the duty of the school board to manage the school trust lands and all funds arising therefrom as trust property. Accordingly, the board shall assure that adequate compensation is received for all uses of the trust lands, except for uses by the public schools. The following are the future rental payments to be made to the school district for the use of school trust lands. These future rental payments are from existing leases and do not anticipate renewals or new leases.

Year Ending	
June 30	Amount
	_
2021	\$ 289,161
2022	289,161
2023	289,161
2024	289,161
2025	289,161
2026 - 2030	1,325,458
2031 - 2035	1,144,335
2036 - 2040	1,108,185
2041 - 2045	697,931
Total	\$ 5,721,714

Note 11 - Risk Management

The school district is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the district carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The school district is a member of the Mississippi School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Trust (MSBAWCT). The trust is a risk-sharing pool; such a pool is frequently referred to as a self-insurance pool. The trust consists of approximately 56 school districts and covers risks of loss arising from injuries to the members' employees. The Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission requires that an indemnity agreement be executed by each member in a workers' compensation self-insurance pool for the purpose of jointly and severally binding the pool and each of the employers comprising the group to meet the workers' compensation obligations of each member. Each member of MSBAWCT contributes quarterly to a fund held in trust by Wells Fargo in Portland, Oregon. The funds in the trust account are used to pay any claim up to \$750,000. For a

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

claim exceeding \$750,000, MSBAWCT has insurance which will pay the excess to the statutory amount required by the Mississippi Workers' Compensation Commission Act. If total claims during a year were to deplete the trust account, then the member school districts would be required to pay for the deficiencies. The district has not had an additional assessment for excess losses incurred by the pool.

Note 12 - Contingencies

Federal Grants - The school district has received federal grants for specific purposes that are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Entitlements to these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the school district.

Litigation - The school district is party to legal proceedings, many of which occur in the normal course of governmental operations. It is not possible at the present time to estimate the outcome or liability, if any, of the school district with respect to the various proceedings. However, the school district's legal counsel believes that ultimate liability resulting from these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the school district.

Note 13 - Insurance Loss Recoveries

The Pearl Public School District received \$8,615 in insurance loss recoveries related to bus and vehicle damage during the 2019 - 2020 fiscal year. In the government-wide Statement of Activities, the insurance loss recoveries were reported as charge of services and allocated to support services expense.

Note 14 - Effect of Deferred Amounts on Net Position

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$37,889,835) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from pensions. A portion of the deferred outflow of resources related to pension in the amount of \$3,737,118 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. The \$3,009,690 balance of deferred outflow of resources, at June 30, 2020 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 4 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$37,889,835) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from pensions. The \$2,994,731 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, at June 30, 2020 will be recognized as a revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 3 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$37,889,835) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of expenses resulting from a deferred outflow from OPEB. A portion of the

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB in the amount of \$129,390 resulting from the school district contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. The \$360,007 balance of deferred outflow of resources, at June 30, 2020 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

The unrestricted net position amount of (\$37,889,835) includes the effect of deferring the recognition of revenue resulting from a deferred inflow from OPEB. The \$282,891 balance of deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB, at June 30, 2020 will be recognized as a revenue and will increase the unrestricted net position over the next 6 years.

Note 15 - Prior Period Adjustments

A summary of significant Net Position/Fund Balance adjustments is as follows:

Exhibit B - Statement of Activities

Explanation	_	Amount
Adjustments were made to assets and liabilities due to implementation of GASB 84.	\$	57,360

Exhibit D - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Fund	Explanation	_	Amount
General Fund	To adjust assets and liabilities due to implementation of GASB 84.	\$	57,360

Note 16 - Other Matters

The onset of the recent COVID-19 pandemic has resulted in a volatile investment market currently. The resulting impact of this pandemic upon the operations of the District is uncertain at this time.

Note 17 - Subsequent Events

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the Pearl Public School District evaluated the activity of the district through the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and determined that no subsequent events have occurred requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statement.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PEARL PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Exhibit 1

Variances

					Positive (Negative)		
		Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Original	Final	
	_	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Final	to Actual	
Revenues:							
Local sources	\$	12,630,228	13,357,745	13,359,219	727,517	1,474	
State sources		20,298,852	20,451,306	20,451,304	152,454	(2)	
Federal sources		157,357	20,018	20,018	(137,339)	-	
Sixteenth section sources	_	327,149	340,184	340,184	13,035	<u>-</u>	
Total Revenues	-	33,413,586	34,169,253	34,170,725	755,667	1,472	
Expenditures:							
Instruction		21,322,203	20,207,096	20,207,092	1,115,107	4	
Support services		12,168,809	11,295,335	11,183,197	873,474	112,138	
Noninstructional services		374,092	287,295	287,296	86,797	(1)	
Sixteenth section		44,200	29,698	29,698	14,502	-	
Facilities acquisition and construction		-	-	112,140	-	(112,140)	
Total Expenditures	-	33,909,304	31,819,424	31,819,423	2,089,880	1	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	_	(495,718)	2,349,829	2,351,302	2,845,547	1,473	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Proceeds of loans		-	1,100,000	1,100,000	1,100,000	-	
Insurance recovery		-	8,615	8,615	8,615	-	
Sale of transportation equipment		-	12,882	12,882	12,882	-	
Sale of other property		-	350	350	350	-	
Operating transfers in		4,455,246	5,926,684	87,317	1,471,438	(5,839,367)	
Operating transfers out	_	(10,174,433)	(10,199,782)	(4,366,084)	(25,349)	5,833,698	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(5,719,187)	(3,151,251)	(3,156,920)	2,567,936	(5,669)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	(6,214,905)	(801,422)	(805,618)	5,413,483	(4,196)	
Fund Balances:							
July 1, 2019, as previously reported		16,596,528	17,871,801	17,815,435	1,275,273	(56,366)	
Prior period adjustments		-	-	57,360	-	57,360	
July 1, 2019, as restated	-	16,596,528	17,871,801	17,872,795	1,275,273	994	
June 30, 2020	\$	10,381,623	17,070,379	17,067,177	6,688,756	(3,202)	

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability \$	2020 54,901,556	2019 52,146,027	2018 51,382,911	2017 55,605,953	2016 46,698,703	2015 35,200,690
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.312083%	0.313500%	0.309100%	0.311300%	0.302100%	0.290000%
District's covered payroll	18,397,776	20,020,641	19,829,187	19,911,537	18,874,521	17,694,654
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	298.41%	260.46%	259.13%	279.27%	247.42%	198.93%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.59%	62.54%	61.49%	57.47%	61.70%	67.21%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

Schedule of District Contributions PERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

Contractually required contribution	\$ 2020 3,737,118	2019 3,201,213	2018 3,153,251	2017 3,123,097	2016 3,136,067	2015 2,972,737
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	3,737,118	3,201,213	3,153,251	3,123,097	3,136,067	2,972,737
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 				-	
District's covered payroll	21,477,690	20,325,162	20,020,641	19,829,187	19,911,537	18,874,521
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.40%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%	15.75%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 68 was implemented in FYE 6/30/15, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2020	2019	2018
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 3,561,142	3,219,068	3,175,972
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.41967819%	0.41614222%	0.40478408%
District's covered-employee payroll	19,218,852	18,821,830	18,185,836 **
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	18.53%	17.10%	17.46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.12%	0.13%	0.00%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of 6/30 of the year prior to the fiscal year presented.

^{**} The amount used to calculate this figure was based on the Implicit Rate Subsidy at measurement date as it relates to contributions.

Schedule of District Contributions OPEB Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2020	2019	2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 129,390	142,742	135,396 **
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	129,390	142,742	135,396 **
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ <u> </u>		-
District's covered-employee payroll	19,927,735	20,325,162	20,020,641
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.65%	0.70%	0.68%

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, GASB 75 was implemented in FYE 6/30/18, and, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District has only presented information for the years in which information is available.

^{**} The amounts reflected above only deal with the Implicit Rate Subsidy as it relates to contributions.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

(1) Basis of Presentation

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule presents the original legally adopted budget, the final legally adopted budget, the actual data on the GAAP basis, variances between the original budget and the final budget, and variances between the final budget and the actual data.

(2) Budget Amendments and Revisions

The budget is adopted by the school board and filed with the taxing authority. Amendments can be made on the approval of the school board. By statute, final budget revisions must be approved on or before October 15. A budgetary comparison is presented for the General Fund consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Pension Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

<u>2015</u>:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Table projected to 2016 using Scale BB rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, rather than the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2015.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The price inflation and investment rate of return assumptions were changed from 3.50% to 3.00% and 8.00% to 7.75% respectively.

2016:

The assumed rate of interest credited to employee contributions was changed from 3.50% to 2.00%.

2017:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Blue Collar Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2022. Small adjustments were also made to the Mortality Table for disabled lives.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.75% to 3.25%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, disability rates and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 6% to 7%.

2019:

The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the PubS.H-2010(B) Retiree Table with the following adjustments: for males, 112% of male rates from ages 18 to 75 scaled down to 105% for ages 80 to 119; for females, 85% of the female rates from 18 to 65 scaled up to 102% for ages 75 to 119; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The expectation of disabled mortality was changed to PubT.H-2010 Disabled Retiree Table for disabled retirees with the following adjustments: for males, 137% of male rates at all ages; for females, 115% of female rates at all ages; and projection scale MP-2018 will be used to project future improvements in life expectancy generationally.

The price inflation assumption was reduced from 3.00% to 2.75%.

The wage inflation assumption was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%.

Withdrawal rates, pre-retirement mortality rates, and service retirement rates were also adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

The percentage of active member disabilities assumed to be in the line of duty was increased from 7% to 9%.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2016:

Effective July 1, 2016, the interest rate on employee contributions shall be calculated based on the money market rate as published by the Wall Street Journal on December 31 of each preceding year with a minimum rate of one percent and a maximum rate of five percent.

(3) *Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.*

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported (June 30, 2017 valuation for the June 30, 2019 fiscal year end). The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 38.4 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Price Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increase 3.25 percent to 18.50 percent, including

inflation

Investment rate of return 7.75 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

OPEB Schedules

(1) Changes of assumptions

2017:

The discount rate was changed from 3.01% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.56% for the current Measurement Date.

2018:

The discount rate was changed from 3.56% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.89% for the current Measurement Date.

2019:

The discount rate was changed from 3.89% for the prior Measurement Date to 3.50% for the current Measurement Date.

(2) Changes in benefit provisions

2017:

None

2018:

None

<u>2019</u>:

None

(3) Methods and assumptions used in calculation of Actuarially Determined Contributions. The Actuarially Determined Contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the most recent Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2019:

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

> Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar

Amortization period 30 years, open

Market Value of Assets Asset valuation method

Price Inflation 3 percent

Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.25 percent to 18.50 percent

Initial health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare 7.25 percent

Ultimate health care cost trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare 4.75 percent

Year of ultimate trend rates Medicare Supplement Claims Pre-Medicare 2028

Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including price inflation

3.89 percent

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PEARL PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020			
	Pass-through	G . 1 . C	
Federal Grantor/	Entity	Catalog of	F 1 1
Pass-through Grantor/	Identifying	Federal Domestic	Federal
Program Title/	Number	Assistance No.	Expenditures
U. S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
School Breakfast Program	195MS326N1099	10.553 \$	534,481
National School Lunch Program	195MS326N1099	10.555	1,075,014
Subtotal			1,609,495
COVID 10 Summer Food Service Program	195MS326N1099	10.559	328,855
COVID-19 - Summer Food Service Program Subtotal	1931/13320111099	10.559	328,855
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			1,938,350
Total passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education			1,938,350
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,938,350
II & Depositment of Defence			
U. S. Department of Defense Direct Program:			
Reserve Officers' Training Corps	N/A	12.xxx	64,573
Total U.S. Department of Defense			64,573
U. S. Department of Education			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	ES010A180024	84.010	1,066,776
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	V048A180024	84.048	58,504
English Language Acquisition Grants	ES358B180024	84.365	25,692
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	ES367A180023	84.367	123,957
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	ES424A180025	84.424	48,793
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund (ESSER)	S425D200031	84.425D	17,271
Subtotal			1,340,993
Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education - Grants to States	H027A180108	84.027	994,524
Special Education - Preschool Grants	H173A180113	84.173	41,944
Total Special Education Cluster			1,036,468
Total passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education			2,377,461
Total U.S. Department of Education			2,377,461
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education:			
Medical Assistance Program	1905MS5ADM	93.778	11,330
Total passed-through the Mississippi Department of Education			11,330
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			11,330
Social Security Administration			
Direct Award:			
Social Security Disability Insurance	04-19-04MSD100	96.001	1,078
Total Social Security Administration			1,078
Total for All Federal Awards		\$	4,392,792

The notes to the supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

PEARL PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of Instructional, Administrative and Other Expenditures - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30,2020

Expenditures		Total	Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures	General Administration	School Administration	Other
Salaries and fringe benefits	\$	26,039,320	19,368,013	1,631,254	2,153,753	2,886,300
Other	•	17,192,720	6,044,661	504,844	26,839	10,616,376
Total	\$	43,232,040	25,412,674	2,136,098	2,180,592	13,502,676
Total number of students *		4,321				
Cost per student	\$	10.005	5,881	494	505	3,125

For purposes of this schedule, the following columnar descriptions are applicable:

Instruction and Other Student Instructional Expenditures - includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers at students. Included here are the activities of teachers, teachers aides or classroom assistants of any type.

General Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - General Administration and Support Services - Business.

School Administration - includes expenditures for the following functions: Support Services - School Administration.

Other - includes all expenditure functions not included in Instruction or Administration categories.

^{*} Includes the number of students reported on the ADA report submission for month 9, which is the final submission for the fiscal year

Notes to the Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the school district under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the school district, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the school district.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are presented on the same basis of accounting and the same significant accounting policies, as applicable, as those used for the financial statements; however, the expenditures include transfers out. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Pearl Public School District has not elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(4) Other Items

Donated commodities of \$145,218 and \$54,763 are included in the National School Lunch Program and COVID-19 - Summer Food Servive Program, respectively.

OTHER INFORMATION

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund

Last Four Years

"UNAUDITED"

		2020	2019*	2018*	2017*
Revenues:	_				
Local sources	\$	13,359,219	13,495,456	13,173,277	12,775,686
State sources		20,451,304	18,970,595	18,392,110	18,369,511
Federal sources		20,018	31,907	92,219	141,884
Sixteenth section sources		340,184	298,524	320,875	308,392
Total Revenues	_	34,170,725	32,796,482	31,978,481	31,595,473
Expenditures:					
Instruction		20,207,092	19,273,791	18,850,358	18,721,252
Support services		11,183,197	12,012,029	10,884,697	10,644,934
Noninstructional services		287,296	291,607	274,055	224,890
Sixteenth section		29,698	24,425	30,924	33,570
Facilities acquisition and construction		112,140	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	_	31,819,423	31,601,852	30,040,034	29,624,646
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	_	2,351,302	1,194,630	1,938,447	1,970,827
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Proceeds of loans		1,100,000	_	_	_
Insurance recovery		8,615	_	_	_
Refun of prior year expenditures		-	15,188	_	_
Sale of transportation equipment		12,882	1,887	400	_
Sale of other property		350	-	-	_
Operating transfers in		87,317	168,903	45,959	59,510
Other financing sources			, <u>-</u>	5,132	
Operating transfers out		(4,366,084)	(1,109,001)	(529,703)	(187,072)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(3,156,920)	(923,023)	(478,212)	(127,562)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(805,618)	271,607	1,460,235	1,843,265
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as previously reported		17,815,435	17,543,828	16,083,593	14,240,328
Prior period adjustments		57,360	-	-	- -
Beginning of period, as restated	_	17,872,795	17,543,828	16,083,593	14,240,328
End of period	\$	17,067,177	17,815,435	17,543,828	16,083,593
	=				

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Funds Last Four Years "UNAUDITED"

		2020	2019*	2018*	2017*
Revenues:	_				
Local sources	\$	15,566,458	15,822,222	15,444,107	15,273,380
State sources		21,413,656	19,944,833	19,235,551	19,044,834
Federal sources		4,401,481	4,155,234	4,173,982	4,270,232
Sixteenth section sources		354,130	300,686	323,025	309,202
Total Revenues	_	41,735,725	40,222,975	39,176,665	38,897,648
Expenditures:					
Instruction		22,859,548	21,631,585	21,338,480	20,968,549
Support services		13,648,230	13,345,678	12,650,163	11,814,553
Noninstructional services		2,120,750	2,536,895	2,462,701	2,486,572
Sixteenth section		29,698	24,425	30,924	33,570
Facilities acquisition and construction		2,893,526	741,910	4,379,664	16,855,094
Debt service:					
Principal		830,000	1,220,000	1,620,000	1,575,000
Interest		847,788	886,588	935,188	930,762
Other		2,500	6,750	5,833	5,700
Total Expenditures	_	43,232,040	40,393,831	43,422,953	54,669,800
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over (under) Expenditures	_	(1,496,315)	(170,856)	(4,246,288)	(15,772,152)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Proceeds of loans		1,100,000	-	-	-
Insurance recovery		8,615	-	-	-
Refund of prior year expenditures		-	15,188	-	-
Sale of transportation equipment		12,882	1,887	400	-
Sale of other property		350	-	-	-
Operating transfers in		4,704,933	1,277,904	575,662	246,582
Other financing sources		· · · · -	-	5,132	-
Operating transfers out		(4,704,933)	-	-	-
Other financing uses		-	(1,277,904)	(575,662)	(246,582)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	1,121,847	17,075	5,532	-
Net Change in Fund Balances		(374,468)	(153,781)	(4,240,756)	(15,772,152)
Fund Balances:					
Beginning of period, as previously reported		19,416,772	19,559,986	23,803,500	39,577,151
Prior period adjustment		57,360	-	-	
Beginning of period, as restated	_	19,474,132	19,559,986	23,803,500	39,577,151
Increase (decrease) in inventory	_	40,444	10,567	(2,758)	(1,499)
End of period	\$	19,140,108	19,416,772	19,559,986	23,803,500

^{*}SOURCE - PRIOR YEAR AUDIT REPORTS

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Superintendent and School Board Pearl Public School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pearl Public School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Pearl Public School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 13, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the school district's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Pearl Public School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC November 13, 2020

Certified Public Accountants



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Superintendent and School Board Pearl Public School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Pearl Public School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Pearl Public School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2020. The Pearl Public School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of the auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Pearl Public School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the school district's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the school district's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Pearl Public School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Pearl Public School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the type of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Pearl Public School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the school district's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC November 13, 2020

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Superintendent and School Board Pearl Public School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Pearl Public School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, which collectively comprise Pearl Public School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 13, 2020. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Section 37-9-18(3)(a), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to ensure that the school district is complying with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), relating to classroom supply funds." As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-61-33(3)(a)(iii), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance.

Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), states in part, "the auditor shall test to ensure correct and appropriate coding at the function level. The audit must include a report showing the correct and appropriate functional level expenditure codes in expenditures by the school district."

The results of our procedures performed to test compliance with the requirements of Section 37-9-18(3)(b), Miss. Code Ann. (1972), disclosed no instances of noncompliance related to incorrect or inappropriate functional level expenditure coding.

As required by the state legal compliance audit program prescribed by the Office of the State Auditor, we have also performed procedures to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with all state laws and regulations was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of procedures performed to test compliance with certain other state laws and regulations and our audit of the financial statements disclosed the following instance of

1929 SPILLWAY ROAD, SUITE B BRANDON, MISSISSIPPI 39047 TELEPHONE 601-992-5292 FAX 601-992-2033 noncompliance with other state laws and regulations. Our finding and recommendation and your response are as follows:

Finding 1

Criteria:

Section 25-4-25 Miss. Code 1972, states, "Each of the following individuals shall file a statement of economic interest with the commission. Section 25-4-29, Miss. Code 1972, states that every incumbent public official is required to file a statement of economic interest by May 1st each year they held office.

Condition:

One Board member has not filed a Statement of Economic Interest form since 2017.

Cause:

The School District failed to comply with Section 25-4-25, Miss. Code of 1972.

Effect:

It can result in noncompliance with state law, and it could result in fines being assessed against the delinquent filers as allowed by Section 25-4-29.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the School Board ensure each Board member file their Statement of Economic Interest no later than May 1st of each year that such official holds office.

School District's Response:

The Board member was not appointed until 2018. The Statement of Economic Interest form was not due for 2017. The Board member immediately filed a Statement of Economic Interest form upon advisement of the delinquency. The Pearl Public School District has adopted additional procedures for follow-up with board members regarding the filing deadline of Statement of Economic Interest forms.

The Office of the State Auditor or a public accounting firm will review, on the subsequent year's audit engagement, the finding in this report to ensure that corrective action has been taken.

The Pearl Public School District's response to the finding included in this report was not audited and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management, entities with accreditation overview, and federal awarding agencies, the Office of the State Auditor and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

FORTENBERRY & BALLARD, PC

Fortenberry & Ballard, PC November 13, 2020 Certified Public Accountants

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

- 1. Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified.
- 2. Internal control over financial reporting:
 - a. Material weakness(es) identified? No.
 - b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported.
- 3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No.

Federal Awards:

- 4. Internal control over major program:
 - a. Material weakness(es) identified? No.
 - b. Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported.
- 5. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major program: Unmodified
- 6. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? No.
- 7. Identification of major program:

CFDA Numbers:	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
84.010	Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies

- 8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000.
- 9. Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes.
- 10. Prior fiscal year audit finding(s) and questioned costs relative to federal awards which would require the auditee to prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings in accordance with 2 CFR 200.511(b). No.

Section II: Financial Statements Findings

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported by *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III: Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our tests did not disclose any findings and questioned costs related to the federal awards.